Effect of Nickel Addition on the Ti-C Reaction Process and Microstructural Evolution by SHS

W.Bounour¹, A.Benaldjia¹, A.Ouari¹, M.Guerioune¹ and D.Vrel²

¹LEREC, Université Badji Mokhtar, Annaba, Algérie.

²LIMHP, UPR 1311 CNRS, Université Paris 13, 99 avenue J.-B. Clément, 93430 Villetaneuse, France. Email: vrel@limhp.univ-paris13.fr

ABSTRACT

We studied the synthesis of stoechiometric titanium carbide using SHS, with various additives. Nickel (Ni) has been used, either as a pure powder or as a $3Ni + Al_2O_3$ powder mixture. It is incorporated into an equimolar Ti/C reactant mixture, in order to study the effect of the addition on the combustion reaction between titanium and carbon, with a powder granulometry lower than 10μ m. The final product was analyzed by X-ray diffraction and scanning electron microscopy. As the amount of nickel incorporated was increased from 0 to 20 wt. % the grain size of TiC decreased to approximately 2 μ m. It was also observed that most of nickel in TiC-Ni composite was distributed on the surface of almost spherical TiC grains. For the addition of the 3Ni + Al₂O₃ mixture, the ignition time increases with the percentage added, therefore making the SHS reaction of the titanium-carbon system more difficult. The combustion process is therefore directly affected and the propagation mode becomes unstable.

Key words: SHS; titanium carbide; nickel.