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### Combustion Synthesis of AIN Powder and its Sintering Properties

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A combustion synthesis method was developed for synthesis of AIN powder. Al powder and small amounts of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl were thoroughly mixed and placed in low-melting-point aluminum containers. A layer of AIN powders were placed in between the reactant powder and the container walls. The combustion reaction was ignited by heating the top surface of the powder stack and the aluminum container was converted completely to AIN during the combustion reaction. High product yields (~99.2%) were obtained under N<sub>2</sub> pressures of around 0.5Mpa. The product was composed of a dense top portion and a loose inner portion and an interface portion close to the AIN packing powder layer. The AIN product obtained from this synthesis method was ground to have average particle sizes of 2 im for sintering experiments. Yttrium oxide was added to the AIN powder as a sintering aid. The microwave sintering experiments were carried out at the Microwave Processing and Engineering Center in the Pennsylvania State University. The samples were sintered by microwave at 2.45 GHz in a multi-mode cavity. The power used ranged from 200 W to 1 KW, and the sintering temperature ranged from 1750°C to 1850°C. The AIN powder was sintered to ~99% of the theoretical density at a sintering temperature of 1850°C with a soaking time of 30 min and a  $Y_2O_3$  content of 3-10 wt%. The thermal conductivities reached 130 W/m k for the specimens made from the present AIN powders when 5 wt% of  $Y_2O_3$  was added.